

CITY OF RIO HONDO
Public Water Supply ID: TX0310006
Consumer Confidence Report

2025 CCR

The following pages comprise the Annual Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) for your water system.

Important Information!

In order to meet all the requirements of the CCR, you must include the following additional information if it pertains to your water system.

- * The report must include the telephone number of the owner, operator, or designee of the community water system as a source of additional information concerning the report.
- * In communities with a large proportion of non-English speaking residents, as determined by the Primacy Agency, the report must contain information in the appropriate language(s) regarding the importance of the report or contains a telephone number or address where such residents may contact the system to obtain a translated copy of the report and/or assistance in the appropriate language.
- * The report must include information about opportunities for public participation in decisions that may affect the quality of the water (e.g., time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings).
- * *Include the location of source water (name of the lake, river, reservoir and/or City, County) in the Source table (page 1).* If your water system purchases water from another source, you are required to include the current CCR year's Regulated Contaminants Detected table from your source water supply.
- * If your water system had any violations during the current CCR Calendar year, you are required to include an explanation of the corrective action taken by the water system.
- * If your water system is going to use the CCR to deliver a Public Notification, you must include the full public notice and return a copy with the CCR. This is in addition to the copy and certification form required by the CCR Rule.
- * The information about likely sources of contamination provided in the CCR is generic. Specific information regarding contaminants may be available in sanitary surveys and source water assessments and should be used when available to the operator. *If a source water assessment has been completed for the water system, indicate if a report is available in the Source table (page 1).*
- * If a community water system distributes water to its customers from multiple hydraulically independent distribution systems fed by

different raw water sources, the table should contain a separate column for each service area, and the report should identify each separate distribution system. Alternatively, systems may produce separate reports tailored to include data for each service area.

- * Detections of unregulated contaminants for which monitoring is required are not included in the CCR and must be added. When added, the information must include the average and range at which the contaminant was detected.
- * If a water system has performed any monitoring for Cryptosporidium, including monitoring performed to satisfy the requirements of the Information Collection Rule [ICR] (141.143), which indicates that Cryptosporidium may be present in the source water or the finished water, the report must include: (a) a summary of the results of the monitoring; and (b) an explanation of the significance of the results.
- * If a water system has performed any monitoring for radon which indicate that radon may be present in the finished water, the report must include: (a) The results of the monitoring; and (b) An explanation of the significance of the results.
- * If a water system has performed additional monitoring which indicates the presence of other contaminants in the finished water, EPA strongly encourages systems to report any results which may indicate a health concern. To determine if results may indicate a health concern, EPA recommends that systems find out if EPA has proposed an NPDWR or issued a health advisory for that contaminant by calling the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). EPA considers detects above a proposed MCL or health advisory level to indicate possible health concerns. For such contaminants, EPA recommends that the report include: (a) the results of the monitoring; and (b) an explanation of the significance of the results noting the existence of a health advisory or a proposed regulation.
- * If you are a groundwater system that receives notice from a state of a significant deficiency, you must inform your customers in your CCR report of any significant deficiencies that are not corrected by December 31 of the year covered by it. The CCR must include the following information:
 - The nature of the significant deficiency and the date it was identified by the state.
 - If the significant deficiency was not corrected by the end of the calendar year, include information regarding the State-approved plan and schedule for correction, including interim measures, progress to date, and any interim measures completed.
 - If the significant deficiency was corrected by the end of the calendar year, include information regarding how the deficiency was corrected and the date it was corrected.

Note:

These first pages are only instructions and are not part of your CCR. The pages that follow and are numbered in the upper right-hand corner are the report pages.

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

CITY OF RIO HONDO

Public Water System ID: TX0310006

We are pleased to present to you the Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) for the year, for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2025. This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water. (Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (XXX) XXX-XXXX).

For more information regarding this report, contact:

Name: Ben Medina

Phone: (956) 748-2102

Sources of Drinking Water

CITY OF RIO HONDO is Surface water.

Our water source(s) and source water assessment information are listed below:

Source Name	Type of Water	Report Status	Location
INTAKE 1 - RESERVOIR	Surface water	Active	Cameron
INTAKE 2 - CANAL	Surface water	Active	

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial Contaminants - such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic Contaminants - such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and Herbicides - which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic Chemical Contaminants - including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive Contaminants - which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Lead can cause serious health effects in people of all ages, especially pregnant people, infants (both formula-fed and breastfed), and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and parts used in service lines and in home plumbing. CITY OF RIO HONDO is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in the plumbing in your home. Because lead levels may vary over time, lead exposure is possible even when your tap sampling results do not detect lead at one point in time. You can help protect yourself and your family by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Using a filter, certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead, is effective in reducing lead exposures. Follow the instructions provided with the filter to ensure the filter is used properly. Use only cold water for drinking, cooking, and making baby formula. Boiling water does not remove lead from water. Before using tap water for drinking, cooking, or making baby formula, flush your pipes for several minutes. You can do this by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. If you have a lead service line or galvanized requiring replacement service line, you may need to flush your pipes for a longer period. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact CITY OF RIO HONDO at 956-748-2102. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <https://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

A service line inventory has been prepared and can be accessed www.RioHondo.us [\[Quick Links\]](#)

In the tables below, you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.

Avg: Average - Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

RAA: Running Annual Average.

LRAA: Locational Running Annual Average.

mrem: millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body).

pob: micrograms per liter (ug/L) or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water.

ppm: milligrams per liter (mg/L) or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

pCi/L: picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

na: not applicable.

Disinfectant Residual

All public water systems in Texas are required to disinfect drinking water to ensure control of microbial contaminants. Disinfectants are water additives used to control microbes.

Disinfectant	Year	Average Level	Unit	Range	MRDL/MRDLG Goal
Chloramines	2025	3.36	Mg/l	6.4-0.8	4/4

Regulated Contaminants

In the tables below, we have shown the regulated contaminants that were detected. Chemical Sampling of our drinking water may not be required on an annual basis; therefore, information provided in this table refers back to the latest year of chemical sampling results.

Cameron

Microbiological	Result	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
E. COLI	In the month of February, 1 sample(s) returned as positive	MCL: A Routine Sample and a Repeat Sample are Total Coliform Positive, and One is also Fecal Positive/E. Coli Positive	0	Human and animal fecal waste
COLIFORM (TCR)	In the month of February, 1 sample(s) returned as positive	Treatment Technique Trigger	0	Naturally present in the environment

Lead and Copper	Period	90TH Percentile: 90% of your water utility levels were less than	Range of Sampled Results (low - high)	Unit	AL	Sites Over AL	Typical Source
COPPER, FREE	2021 - 2023	0.174	0.059 - 0.188	ppm	1.3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
LEAD	2021 - 2023	0	0 - 2	ppb	15	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Disinfection Byproducts	Sample Point	Period	Highest LRAA	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	417 BULLIS ST, RIO HONDO	2025	14	4.9 - 11.7	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TOTAL HALOACETIC ACIDS (HAAS)	802 HARRIS DR, RIO HONDO	2025	20	4.6 - 14.3	ppb	60	0	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM	417 BULLIS ST, RIO HONDO	2025	62	42.9 - 79.8	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHM	802 HARRIS DR, RIO HONDO	2025	59	50 - 75.8	ppb	80	0	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Regulated Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
ARSENIC	2/19/2025	2.6	2.6	ppb	10	0	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
BARIUM	2/19/2025	0.145	0.145	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE	12/18/2025	26.9	11 - 26.9	UG/L	0	0.06	
FLUORIDE	2/19/2025	0.48	0.48	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	8/6/2025	20	0 - 20	ppt	200	0	Breakdown of heptachlor
NICKEL	2/19/2025	0.0031	0.0031	MG/L	0	0.1	
NITRATE	2/19/2025	0.07	0 - 0.07	ppm	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
SELENIUM	2/19/2025	4.1	4.1	ppb	50	50	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines

Radiological Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source
COMBINED URANIUM	3/6/2024	1.2	1.2	µg/L	30	0	Erosion of natural deposits
GROSS BETA PARTICLE ACTIVITY	3/6/2024	11.5	11.5	pCi/L	50	0	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.

Turbidity

Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration.

Percentage of samples in compliance with Std	Months Occurred	Violation	Highest Single Measurement	Month Occurred	Sources	Level Indicator
71.00	12	YES, Major	1.5	January	SWTP - RIO HONDO RESERVOIR	Yes

Total Organic Carbon

The percentage of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) removal was measured each month and the system met all TOC removal requirements set, unless a TOC violation is noted in the violations section.

TOC	Collection Date	Highest Value	Range	Unit	TT	Typical Source
CARBON, TOTAL	2/20/2025	17.1	2.3 - 17.1		0	Naturally present in the environment

Violations

During the period covered by this report we had the below noted violations.

Violation Period	Analyte	Violation Type	Violation Explanation
10/17/2024 - 6/3/2025	PUBLIC NOTICE	PUBLIC NOTICE RULE LINKED TO VIOLATION	Failed to issue public notice or failed to provide a copy of the notice and certification to the state
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	TURBIDITY	MONITORING, ROUTINE (IESWTR/LT1), MAJOR	Failed to collect and/or report required turbidity samples or MCL
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	TURBIDITY	MONTHLY COMB FLTR EFFLUENT (IESWTR/LT1)	Turbidity exceedance (monthly)
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	TURBIDITY	SINGLE COMB FLTR EFFLUENT (IESWTR/LT1)	Turbidity exceedance (single sample)
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	PUBLIC NOTICE	PUBLIC NOTICE RULE LINKED TO VIOLATION	Failed to issue public notice or failed to provide a copy of the notice and certification to the state
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	CHLORITE	MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	Failed to monitor/report as required for chlorine or disinfection by-products
1/1/2025 - 1/31/2025	CHLORINE DIOXIDE	MONITORING, (DBP) (CHL. DIOXIDE)	Failed to monitor/report chlorine dioxide
2/1/2025 - 2/28/2025	TURBIDITY	MONITORING, ROUTINE (IESWTR/LT1), MAJOR	Failed to collect and/or report required turbidity samples or MCL
2/1/2025 -	CHLORITE	MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	Failed to monitor/report as required for chlorine or

2/28/2025				disinfection by-products	
2/1/2025 - 2/28/2025	CHLORINE DIOXIDE		MONITORING, (DBP) (CHL. DIOXIDE)	Failed to monitor/report chlorine dioxide	
2/1/2025 - 2/28/2025	CHLORINE		MONITORING, RTN/RPT MAJOR (SWTR-FILTER)	Failed to collect and/or report required surface water treatment monitoring	
3/1/2025 - 3/31/2025	TURBIDITY		MONITORING, ROUTINE (IESWTR/LT1), MAJOR	Failed to collect and/or report required turbidity samples or MCL	
3/1/2025 - 3/31/2025	CHLORITE		MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	Failed to monitor/report as required for chlorine or disinfection by-products	
3/1/2025 - 3/31/2025	CHLORINE DIOXIDE		MONITORING, (DBP) (CHL. DIOXIDE)	Failed to monitor/report chlorine dioxide	
3/1/2025 - 3/31/2025	CHLORINE		MONITORING, RTN/RPT MAJOR (SWTR-FILTER)	Failed to collect and/or report required surface water treatment monitoring	
7/1/2025	CONSUMER CONFIDENCE RULE		CCR ADEQUACY/AVAILABILITY/CONTENT	Inadequate Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) or failure to deliver a CCR Certification form to the state on time	
8/1/2025 - 8/31/2025	CARBON, TOTAL		MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	Failed to monitor/report as required for chlorine or disinfection by-products	
8/1/2025 - 8/31/2025	ALKALINITY, TOTAL		MONITORING, ROUTINE (DBP), MAJOR	Failed to monitor/report as required for chlorine or disinfection by-products	
10/1/2025 - 10/31/2025	TURBIDITY		MONITORING, ROUTINE (IESWTR/LT1), MAJOR	Failed to collect and/or report required turbidity samples or MCL	
10/1/2025 - 10/31/2025	CHLORAMINE		MONITORING, RTN/RPT MAJOR (SWTR-FILTER)	Failed to collect and/or report required surface water treatment monitoring	

Additional Required Health Effects Language:

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially-harmful, bacteria may be present. Coliforms were found in more samples than allowed and this was a warning of potential problems.

Fecal coliforms and E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes.

Microbes in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, some of the elderly, and people with severely compromised immune systems.

Turbidity has no health effects. However, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea and associated headaches.

There are no additional required health effects violation notices.



Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

Consumer Confidence Report Certificate of Delivery

PWS Name: City of Rio Hondo

PWS ID: 0310006

Date of Distribution: 6/29/2026

Population Served: 2021

Complete each section:

Report Year: 2025

Direct Delivery - Check the applicable statement.

- ☒ The CCR was delivered in physical form or electronically to all customers.
Direct link to CCR: www.riohondo.us (Quick Link)
- ☐ Our system serves fewer than 500 people, and a notice that the CCR is available upon request was provided to all customers.

Good Faith Delivery - Check at least one method.

- ☒ Posted the CCR online
- ☐ Mailed the CCR to people who receive mail, but who do not receive bills
- ☐ Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media
- ☒ Posted the CCR in public places
- ☐ Delivered multiple copies to single billing addresses serving multiple persons
- ☒ Delivered multiple copies of the CCR to community organizations
- ☒ Other: City Hall Front Desk

Public Notice - Check if applicable.

- ☒ I have included or attached additional mandatory language to satisfy public notice requirements due to drinking water violations.

Wholesale Providers - Check one if applicable.

- ☐ Our water system distributed the appropriate drinking water quality data to the receiving water systems by April 1 as described in 30 TAC 290.274(g).
- ☐ Our water system did not provide water by any means to connected active water systems.

I certify the above referenced water system has distributed the consumer confidence report identified above, and that the information in the notice is correct and consistent, in accordance with applicable regulations under Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 290 and/or Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter 141.

Certified by (print name): Ben Medina, Jr

Title: City Administrator

Signature: _____

Date: 06/30/2026bm

Email: bmedina@riohondo.us

Deliver this completed and signed form along with a representative copy of the Consumer Confidence Report using one of the following methods:

Email (recommended)	Certified Mail	Regular Mail
PWSCCR@tceq.texas.gov	TCEQ DWSF, MC-155, Attn: CCR 12100 Park 35 Circle Austin, TX 78753	TCEQ DWSF, MC-155, Attn: CCR PO Box 13087 Austin, TX 78711-3087

Instructions for completing Consumer Confidence Reports are available online at:

<https://www.tceq.texas.gov/drinkingwater/ccr>

AMENDMENT NO. 2
TO
CONTRACT NO. CM24112

BETWEEN

City Of Rio Hondo ("Contractor")
Post Office Box 389
Rio Hondo, Texas 78583-0389

AND

Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts ("Comptroller")
State Energy Conservation Office
111 E. 17th Street,
Austin, Texas 78774-0100

I. Recitals

WHEREAS, Comptroller and Contractor entered into Contract No. CM24112 ("Agreement") effective October 18, 2024;

WHEREAS, on May 16, 2025, Comptroller and Contractor executed Amendment No. 1 extending the term; and

WHEREAS, Comptroller and Contractor desire to execute this Amendment No. 2 ("Amendment") to extend the term to August 31, 2026:

NOW, THEREFORE, Comptroller and Contractor hereby agree as follows:

II. Amendment

The first sentence in Section V. Term, is hereby deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following: "The term of this Agreement shall begin on the date executed by Comptroller, after having first been signed by the City of Rio Hondo, and shall be effective until **August 31, 2026** ("Termination Date") unless terminated earlier in accordance with other provisions of this Agreement.

III. Terms and Conditions

1. This Amendment, together with the Agreement, as amended, represents the entire agreement between the parties concerning the subject matter of the Agreement and supersedes any and all prior or contemporaneous oral or written statements, agreements, or negotiations.
2. In the event of conflicting language between the Agreement and the language in this Amendment, the language in this Amendment shall control.

[Remainder of Page intentionally left blank]

IV. Signatories

The undersigned signatories represent and warrant that they have full authority to enter into this Amendment on behalf of the respective parties named below.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Amendment to be effective as of the signature date of the latter of the parties to sign this amendment.

Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

City Of Rio Hondo

By _____
Lisa Craven
Deputy Comptroller

By Ben Medina Jr.
Ben Medina Jr.
City Administrator

Date _____

Date 6/30/2026

- Sale	Robin -	
Wate -	Dore -	
Chick	Angel -	
	Ray -	73,000
	Utilities -	73

July	
Aug	146,000
Sept	
Oct	
Nov	
	97,156.19

398.277.40

495,433.59

→ 99,086.71

Age -

